

#### **Reception**

- Be able to count reliably with numbers from 1 to 20.
- Place numbers to twenty in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number.
- Use quantities and objects to add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer.
- Solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.
- Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems.
- Recognise, create and describe patterns.
- Explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Match and sort Compare amounts Compare size, mass and capacity Explore pattern	Representing 1, 2 and 3 Composition of 1, 2 and 3 Circles and Triangles Positional Language Representing numbers to 5 One more and less Shapes with 4 sides Time	Introducing zero Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 and 5 Compare mass Compare capacity 6, 7 and 8 Combining two amounts Making pairs Length and Height Time	Counting to 9 and 10 Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 3D shapes Spatial Awareness Patterns	Building numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns beyond 10 Spatial Reasoning Match, rotate, manipulate Adding more Taking away Spatial Reasoning (2) Compose and Decompose	Doubling Sharing and Grouping Even and Odd Spatial Reasoning (3) Visualise and Build Deepening Understanding Patterns and Relationships Spatial Reasoning (4) Mapping



Term	Milestones					
	Milestone 1 Year 1	Milestone 1 Year 2	Milestone 2 Year 3	Milestone 2 Year 4	Milestone 3 Year 5	Milestone 3 Year 6
Autumn	Place Value (within 10)  Addition and Subtraction (within 10)  Shape	Place Value Addition and Subtraction Shape	Place Value Addition and Subtraction Multiplication and Division	Place Value  Addition and Subtraction  Measurement:  Area  Multiplication and Division	Place Value  Addition and Subtraction  Multiplication and Division  Fractions	Place Value  Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division  Fractions  Measurement: Converting Units
Spring	Place Value (within 20)  Addition and Subtraction (within 20)  Place Value (within 50)  Measurement: Length and Height  Measurement: Mass and Volume.	Money  Multiplication and Division  Measurement: Length and Height  Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature	Multiplication and Division  Measurement: Length and Perimeter  Fractions  Measurement: Mass and Capacity	Multiplication and Division  Measurement: Length and Perimeter  Fractions  Decimals	Multiplication and Division Fractions Decimals and Percentages Measurement: Perimeter and Area Statistics	Ratio  Algebra  Decimals  Fractions, Decimals and Percentages  Measurement:  Perimeter, Area and Volume  Statistics
Summer	Multiplication and Division  Fractions  Position and Direction  Place Value (within 100)  Money  Time	Statistics Fractions Position and Direction Time	Fractions  Money  Time  Properties of Shape  Statistics	Decimals  Money  Time  Properties of Shape  Statistics  Position and Direction	Properties of Shape  Position and Direction  Decimals  Negative numbers  Measurement: Converting Units  Measurement: Volume	Shape Position and direction



### **Year One**

- be able to count in 1s from 0-100, forwards and backwards.
- be able to cross 100 when counting.
- know their 1, 2, 5 and 10x table.
- be able to add three 1-digit numbers.
- know their number bonds to 20.
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour.

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,
beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
•Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	•Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	•Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
•identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations	•identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations	•identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations
•read and write numbers to 100 in numerals	•read and write numbers to 100 in numerals	•read and write numbers to 100 in numerals
•read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	•read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	•read and write numbers
•given a number, identify one more and one less	•given a number, identify one more and one less	•given a number, identify one more and one less from 1 to 20 in numerals and words
•add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	•add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	•solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher



<ul> <li>solve one-step problems that involve addition and</li> </ul>	•solve one-step problems that involve addition and	
subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	•recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts
representations, and missing number problems such as 7 =	representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = —9	of an object, shape or quantity
		•recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal
	•compare, describe and solve practical problems for:	parts of an object, shape or quantity
•recognise and name common 2-D shapes [for example,	➤lengths and heights	
rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]	>mass/weight	•solve one-step problems that involve addition and
	>capacity and volume	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial
•recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example,	≻time	representations, and missing number problems such as 7 =
cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]		
caseras (morauma cases), pyramias and spineres	•measure and begin to record the following:	
	≽lengths and heights	•compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
	>mass/weight	>lengths and heights
	➤ capacity and volume	>mass/weight
	➤time (hours, minutes, seconds)	>capacity and volume
		≻time
		•measure and begin to record the following:
		≽lengths and heights
		>mass/weight
		➤ capacity and volume
		➤time (hours, minutes, seconds)
		•recognise and know the value of different denominations
		of coins and notes
		•sequence events in chronological order using language [for
		example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday,
		tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
		•recognise and use language relating to dates, including
		days of the week, weeks, months and years
		•tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw
		the hands on a clock face to show these times



	•describe position, direction and movement, including
	whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns



### Year Two

- can partition two-digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones.
- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables to solve simple problems
- read the time on the clock to the nearest 15 minutes.
- add 2 two-digit numbers within 100 (e.g. 48 + 35) and can demonstrate their method using concrete apparatus or pictorial representations.

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
•count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	•recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	•recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, ¼, ½, ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
•read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	•show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by	<ul> <li>Recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2</li> <li>write simple fractions for example, 1/2 of 6 = 3</li> </ul>
•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line	another cannot	•recognise and use the inverse relationship between
•recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)	•calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs	addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems
•compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs	•solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and	•compare and sequence intervals of time     •tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter
•use place value and number facts to solve problems	multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
<ul> <li>•add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:</li> <li>▶a two-digit number and ones</li> <li>▶a two-digit number and tens</li> </ul>	•choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels	•know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day



- >two two-digit numbers
- ➤ adding three one-digit numbers
- •solve problems with addition and subtraction:
- ➤ using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures ➤ applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods
- •identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
- •identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]
- compare and sort common 2-D shapes and everyday objects
- •recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]
- •compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects

- •compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =
- •recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- •find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money
- •solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change

- •order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- •use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)
- •interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- •ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- •ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data



# **Year Three**

- know their 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 and 10 x tables.
- mentally add and subtract pairs of 1-digit numbers with 2- and 3-digit numbers, 3- and 4-digit numbers,
   3-digit numbers and tens, 3-digit numbers and hundreds,

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
•count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	•recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	•add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]
•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	<ul> <li>write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-</li> </ul>	•solve problems that involve all of the above
•read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words	digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	•solve problems, including missing number problems
•recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)	•solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive	•add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts
•compare and order numbers up to 1000	integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	•tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-
•solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	•count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing	<ul> <li>hour clocks</li> <li>estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the</li> </ul>
	one-digit numbers or quantities by 10	nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of
<ul> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally, including:</li> <li>a three-digit number and ones</li> <li>a three-digit number and tens</li> </ul>	•recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small	seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
➤a three-digit number and hundreds	denominators	•know the number of seconds in a minute and the number
•add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using	•recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and	of days in each month, year and leap year
formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction	non-unit fractions with small denominators	•compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]



- •solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction
- •recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
- •write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods

- •recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
- •compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
- •solve problems that involve all of the above
- measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm);
   mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (I/mI)
- •measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes

- •draw 2-D shapes
- •make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
- •recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn
- •identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle
- •identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines
- •interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- •interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables



# **Year Four**

- know their times tables up to 12 x 12 with perfect, instant recall.
- be able to add and subtract 2-digit numbers mentally.
- be able to add and subtract numbers with up to 4-digits using formal written methods

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
•count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000	•recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 ×12	•count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred
•count backwards through zero to include negative		and dividing tenths by ten.
numbers	•use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing	recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of
•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different	by 1; multiplying together three numbers	tenths or hundredths and recognise and write decimal
representations	•recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in	equivalents to ¼, ½ and ¾
•read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over	mental calculations	•round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest
time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of		whole number
zero and place value	<ul> <li>multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout</li> </ul>	•compare numbers with the same number of decimal
•find 1000 more or less than a given number		places up to two decimal places
•recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit	•solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by	•solve simple measure and money problems involving
number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)	one digit, integer scaling problems and harder	fractions and decimals to two decimal places
•order and compare numbers beyond 1000	correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	Convert between different units of measure [for example,
'	,	kilometreto metre; hour to minute]
•round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000	•count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred	estimate, compare and calculate different measures,
•solve number and practical problems that involve all of the	and dividing tenths by ten.	including money in pounds and pence
above and with increasingly large positive numbers	and the second share with a diameter of the second state of the se	•read, write and convert time between analogue and digital
	•recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	12-and 24-hour clocks



- add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
- •solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 ×12
- •use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers
- recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
- •measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
- •find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

- •add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
- •solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
- •recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
- •recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¼, ½ and ¾
- •round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
- •compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places
- •solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places
- •Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometreto metre; hour to minute]
- •estimate, compare and calculate different measures
- •measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
- •find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

- •solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days
- •compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
- •identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- •identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- •identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- •complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry
- describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- •describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
- •plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon
- •interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
- •solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs





### **Year Five**

- accurately multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.
- add and subtract mentally with increasingly large numbers.
- add and subtract whole numbers with up to 5-digits using formal written methods.
- Multiply and divide using formal standard methods
- Solve multi-step problems using mental and formal methods

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
•count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for	•multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-or two-digit	•count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for
any given number up to 1 000 000	number using a formal written method, including long	any given number up to 1 000 000
	multiplication for two-digit numbers	
•count forwards and backwards with positive and negative	amultiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon	•count forwards and backwards with positive and negative
whole numbers, including through zero	•multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts	whole numbers, including through zero
•read, write, (order and compare) numbers to at least 1 000		•read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example,
000 and determine the value of each digit	• divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using	0.71 = 71100]
1.000 (11)	the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context	
•read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	Terrianiders appropriately for the context	•recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths,
written in Roman numerals	•multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving	hundredths and decimal equivalents
e/road write) order and compare numbers to at least 1 000	decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	•round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest
•(read, write) order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit		whole number and to one decimal place
ood and determine the value of each aight	•solve problems involving multiplication and division	·
•interpret negative numbers in context	including using their knowledge of factors and multiples,	•read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three
-interpret negative numbers in context	squares and cubes	decimal places
•round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100,		
1000, 10 000 and 100 000	•solve problems involving multiplication and division,	•convert between different units of metric measure
	including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving	
•solve number problems and practical problems that	simple rates	•understand and use approximate equivalences between
involve all of the above		metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
		pourius and pints



- •add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- •solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- •identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers
- •know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- •establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- •recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
- •multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- •multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- •divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context

- •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- •multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- •read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71100]
- •recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- •round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- •read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- •recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- •solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$  and  $\frac{4}{5}$  and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25
- •convert between different units of metric measure
- •understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- •use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling

- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling
- •use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, money]
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- •measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- •calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- •estimate volume [for example, using blocks to build cuboids] and capacity [for example, using water]
- •distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.
- •use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- •identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- •draw given angles, and measure them in degrees
- •identify:
- ➤ angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)
   ➤ angles at a point on a straight line and 12a turn (total 180°)



- •multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- •solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- •solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
- •identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- •recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example,  $2/5 + 4/5 = 1 \ 1/5$ ]
- •compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- •multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

- •measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- •calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- •estimate volume [for example, using blocks to build cuboids] and capacity [for example, using water]
- •complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables
- •solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph

➤other multiples of 90°

•identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed



### **Year Six**

- accurately calculate using the four rules, using known facts; including negative numbers and decimals and fractions
- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- solve multi-step problems, including those involving percentages, scaling, rounding, fractions and decimals
- Use their knowledge of times tables up to 12 x 12 to support their use of calculation methods including standard methods of calculation, as well as those with decimals

Terms 1 and 2	Terms 3 and 4	Terms 5 and 6
•read, write, (order and compare) numbers up to 10 000	•identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three	•draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
000 and determine the value of each digit	decimal places	
		•compare and classify geometric shapes based on their
•(read, write), order and compare numbers up to 10 000	•associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal	properties and sizes
000 and determine the value of each digit	fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple	
	fraction [for example, 3/8]	•illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius,
•round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy		diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is
,	•recall and use equivalences between simple fractions,	twice the radius
•use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals	decimals and percentages, including in different contexts	
across zero		•recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including
	•solve problems involving the relative sizes of two	making nets
•solve number and practical problems that involve all of the	quantities where missing values can be found by using	
above	integer multiplication and division facts	•find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and
		regular polygons
<ul> <li>perform mental calculations, including with mixed</li> </ul>	•solve problems involving the calculation/use of	
operations and large numbers	percentages for comparison	•recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a
		straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing
	•solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale	angles
	factor is known or can be found	



- •use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- •solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- •identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- •use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
- •multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
- •divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
- •perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- •use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations

- •solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
- •use simple formulae
- •generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- •find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- •enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables
- •recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- •recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
- •calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
- •calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units
- •interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
- •calculate and interpret the mean as an average

- •describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- •draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes



